

# BufferedWriter Class

## Introduction

The **Java.io.BufferedWriter** class writes text to a character-output stream, buffering characters so as to provide for the efficient writing of single characters, arrays, and strings. Following are the important points about BufferedWriter –

- The buffer size may be specified, or the default size may be used.
- A Writer sends its output immediately to the underlying character or byte stream.

## Class declaration

Following is the declaration for **Java.io.BufferedWriter** class –

```
public class BufferedWriter  
    extends Writer
```

## Field

Following are the fields for **Java.io.BufferedWriter** class –

- **protected Object lock** – This is the object used to synchronize operations on this stream.

## Class constructors

Sr.No	Constructor & Description
1	<b>BufferedWriter(Writer out)</b> This creates a buffered character-output stream that uses a default-sized output buffer.
2	<b>BufferedWriter(Writer out, int sz)</b> This creates a new buffered character-output stream that uses an output buffer of the given size.

## Class methods

Sr.No.	Method & Description
1	void close()  This method closes the stream, flushing it first.
2	void flush()  This method flushes the stream.
3	void newLine()  This method writes a line separator.
4	void write(char[] cbuf, int off, int len)  This method writes a portion of an array of characters.
5	void write(int c)  This method writes a single character.
6	void write(String s, int off, int len)  This method writes a portion of a String.

## Example of Java BufferedWriter

```
1.     package com.javatpoint;
2.     import java.io.*;
3.     public class BufferedWriterExample
4.     {
5.     public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception
6.     {
7.         FileWriter writer = new FileWriter("D:\\testout.txt");
8.         BufferedWriter buffer = new BufferedWriter(writer);
9.         buffer.write("Welcome to javaTpoint.");
10.        buffer.close();
11.        System.out.println("Success");
12.    }
13. }
```