

## Condition of Validity:-

(14)

From above method we have used equation (7) in obtaining the equation (14).

∴ equation (7) will give us condition of validity, then from equation (7b),

$$\rightarrow \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} = \frac{d}{dx} \left( \frac{dy}{dx} \right)$$

$$= \pm \frac{d}{dx} (k(x))$$

{by equation (7c)}

using this condition in equation (7c) then equation becomes.

$$\rightarrow \left| \pm i \frac{dk}{dx} \right| \ll k^2, \text{ or, } k^2 \gg \left| \pm i \frac{dk}{dx} \right|$$

i.e.

$$\rightarrow \left| \frac{dk}{dx} \right| \ll k^2$$

or

$$\rightarrow \left| \frac{1}{k^2} \frac{dk}{dx} \right| \ll 1 \quad \text{--- (18)}$$

the equation (18) will give us the validity of W.K.B. approximation.

or, in other words we can say that W.K.B. solution are valid, then this solution are satisfied.