Mealy and Moore Machine

Mealy Machine – A mealy machine is defined as a machine in theory of computation whose output values are determined by both its current state and current inputs

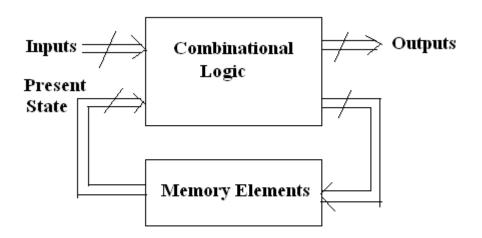


Figure 3. Mealy Type Machine

Mealy Machine -

- 1. Output depends on present state as well as present input.
- 2. If input changes, output also changes.
- 3. Less number of states are required.
- 4. There is less hardware requirement.
- 5. They react faster to inputs.
- 6. Asynchronous output generation.
- 7. Output is placed on transitions.
- 8. It is difficult to design.

Moore machine

A **moore machine** is defined as a machine in theory of computation whose output values are determined only by its current state.

Moore Machine -

- 1. Output depends only upon present state.
- 2. If input changes, output does not change.
- 3. More number of states are required.
- 4. There is more hardware requirement.
- 5. They react slower to inputs(One clock cycle later)
- 6. Synchronous output and state generation.
- 7. Output is placed on states.

8. Easy to design.

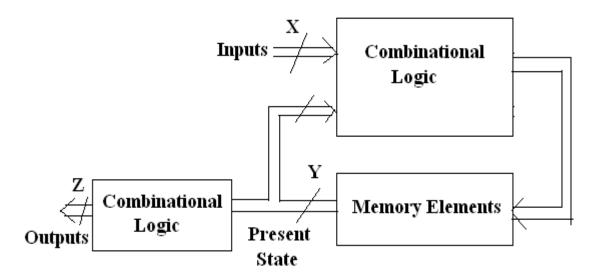
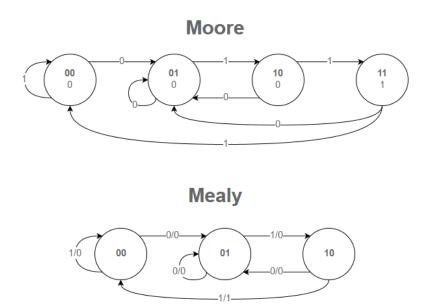


Figure 4. Moore Type Machine

Example Comparing Mealy and Moore machine

his system takes in a stream of zeros and ones and outputs a 1 any time it gets the input sequence 011.



In both diagrams, the **bold** numbers in the state bubbles represent the **name of the states**. In the Moore diagram, the lower numbers in the state bubbles are the **output** while the numbers on the arrows are the **input**. In the Mealy diagram the numbers on the arrows are in the form of **input/output**.

As you can see, the Mealy machine ends up with a state less states since the Moore machine needs a seperate state where it sets the output to 1