

Inverse Z-Transform

$$f(n) \xrightarrow{z} F(z) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} f(n) z^{-n}$$

$$F(z) \xrightarrow{\text{inverse } z} f(n)$$

$$f(n) = \frac{1}{2\pi j} \oint_C F(z) z^{n-1} dz$$

Find the inverse z transform of

$$F(z) = \frac{z^{-1}}{3 - 4z^{-1} + z^{-2}}; \text{ ROC } |z| > 1$$

$$F(z) = \frac{z^{-1}}{3 - 4/z + 1/z^2}$$

remove the inverse power of z

$$= \frac{1/z}{3z^2 - 4z + 1}$$

$$= \frac{z}{3z^2 - 4z + 1}$$

Bring $\frac{F(z)}{z}$ form

$$\frac{F(z)}{z} = \frac{1}{3z^2 - 4z + 1}$$

$$\frac{F(z)}{z} = \frac{1}{3(z-1)(z-\frac{1}{3})} = \frac{A}{z-1} + \frac{B}{z-\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$A = \frac{1}{3(z-\frac{1}{3})} \Big|_{z=1} \rightarrow \textcircled{1}$$

If ROC is not given then By default take all the signals right sided

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$$A = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$B = \frac{1}{3(z-1)} \Big|_{z=\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$B = -\frac{1}{2}$$

from eq ①

$$F(z) = \frac{1/2}{z(z-1)} - \frac{1/2}{z(z-1/3)}$$

$$F(z) = \frac{1/2 z}{z(z-1)} - \frac{1/2 z}{z(z-1/3)}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{z}{z-1} \right] - \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{z}{z-1/3} \right] \rightarrow \text{②}$$

$$|z|=1$$

$$|z|=1/3$$

$$r=1/3$$

$r > 1$ (given)

right sided

$$f(n) = \frac{1}{2} (1)^n u(n) - \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n u(n)$$

When ROC $|z| < \frac{1}{3}$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{z}{z-1} \right] - \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{z}{z-1/3} \right]$$

$r < \frac{1}{3}$ (given)

left sided

$$f(n) = -\frac{1}{2} (1)^n u(-n-1) + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n u(-n-1)$$

When ROC $\frac{1}{3} < |z| < 1$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{z}{z-1} \right] - \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{z}{z-1/3} \right]$$

$\frac{1}{3} < |z| < 1$
 \downarrow Right sided \downarrow left sided

$$f(n) = -\frac{1}{2} (+1)^n u(-n-1) - \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n u(n)$$

Q. find inverse z transform of

$$F(z) = \frac{1/6 z^{-1}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{2} z^{-1}\right) \left(1 - \frac{1}{3} z^{-1}\right)} \quad |z| > \frac{1}{2}$$

$$F(z) = \frac{1/6 z}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{2} z\right) \left(1 - \frac{1}{3} z\right)}$$

$$= \frac{1/6 z}{(2z-1)(3z-1)}$$

$$= \frac{z}{6(z-1/2)(z-1/3)}$$

$$F(z) = \frac{1}{6(z-1/2)(z-1/3)}$$

$$(1-n) \dots$$

$$= \frac{A}{(z - 1/2)} + \frac{B}{(z - 1/3)}$$

$$A = \frac{1}{6(z - 1/3)} \Big|_{z=1/2}$$

$$B = \frac{1}{6(z - 1/2)} \Big|_{z=1/3}$$

$$\frac{F(z)}{z} = \frac{1}{(z - 1/2)} - \frac{1}{(z - 1/3)}$$

$$F(z) = \frac{z}{(z - 1/2)} - \frac{z}{(z - 1/3)}$$

$$|z| > 1/2$$

Right sided

$$= \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u(n) - \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n u(n)$$

$$|z| < \frac{1}{3}$$

$$= -\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u(-n-1) + \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n u(-n-1)$$

$$\frac{1}{3} < |z| < \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= -\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u(-n-1) - \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n u(n)$$

Q. A causal system has input $x(n]$ & o/p $y[n)$ find the system function, frequency response & impulse response of the system if.

$$x[n) = \delta[n) + \frac{1}{6} \delta[n-1) - \frac{1}{6} \delta[n-2)$$

$$y[n) = \delta[n) - \frac{2}{3} \delta[n-1)$$

$$X(z) = 1 + \frac{1}{6z} - \frac{1}{6z^2}$$

$$Y(z) = 1 - \frac{2}{3z}$$

$$H(z) = \frac{Y(z)}{X(z)} = \frac{1 - \frac{2}{3z}}{1 + \frac{1}{6z} - \frac{1}{6z^2}}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{1}{3z} (3z - 2)}{\frac{1}{6z^2} (6z^2 + z - 1)}$$

$$H(z) = \frac{2z(3z-2)}{6z^2+z-1}$$

frequency response

$$H(e^{j\omega}) = \frac{2e^{j\omega}(3e^{j\omega}-2)}{6e^{2j\omega}+e^{j\omega}-1}$$

$$= \frac{2\cos\omega + 2j\sin\omega(3\cos\omega + j3\sin\omega + 2)}{6\cos 2\omega + 6j\sin 2\omega + \cos\omega + j\sin\omega - 1}$$

for $h(n)$.

$$H(z) = \frac{2z(3z-2)}{6z^2+z-1}$$

$$H(z) = \frac{2(3z-2)}{z(6z^2+z-1)}$$

$$= \frac{(F.N) 2(3z-2)}{(3z-1)(2z+1)}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{1}{3}(3z-2)}{(z-\frac{1}{3})(z+\frac{1}{2})}$$

$$H(z) = \frac{A}{z(z-\frac{1}{3})} + \frac{B}{(z+\frac{1}{2})}$$

$$A = \frac{\frac{1}{3}(3z-2)}{(z+\frac{1}{2})} \Big|_{z=\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$z = \frac{1}{3}$$

Fed

$$A = \frac{-2}{5}$$

$$B = \frac{\frac{1}{3}(3z-2)}{(z-\frac{1}{3})} \Big|_{z=-\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$B = \frac{7}{5}$$

$$H(z) = \frac{-2}{5(z-\frac{1}{3})} + \frac{7}{5(z+\frac{1}{2})}$$

$$H(z) = \frac{-2}{5} \frac{z}{(z-\frac{1}{3})} + \frac{7}{5} \frac{z}{(z+\frac{1}{2})}$$

$$h(n) = \frac{-2}{5} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n u(n) + \frac{7}{5} \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u(n)$$