













NOVEMBER

⇒ Gupta's take title as "Param bhagwat" etc.

→ In south this change into Alwar branch.

05

Wed

Shaivism:- This is the earliest phase of Indian Religion. After Harappa it was adopted by Shaka, Kushana, Gupta and Chandelas. Although Gupta were Vaishnav but in the time of Chandragupta II his prime minister construct a Shaiv Cave in Udaygiri, Bhumra and Machna Kuthar's temple are some other example.

In south Rashtrakuta, Chalukya, Pallav, Chola. all believe in Shaivism and constructed so many temples. Nayanars are some Shaiv ~~followers~~ saints in South.

06

Thu

② Renionsane. It means the reaction of people against any religion and traditional thoughts. It was held when both and Jain Religion came against to evils of Vedic religion. Vedic religion was going far from the peoples and common men was also in need a shelter of Religion. Buddhism and Jainism started in

DEC	M	T	W	T	F	S	S	M	T	W	T	F	S	S	M	T	W	T	F	S	S	M	T	W							
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31

1997



07

Fri

Location.

II Phase - In Medieval Period when the ~~the~~ people were again fed up of the Paganism feature of hinduism some philosophers then again introduced Bhakti movement in North as well as in South. Kabir, Nanak, Dadu, Mirabai, Tulsi Das, Nagnath, Awar saints were some of them.

III Phase - This Peri. held on Modern period when Britishers imposed their religion and culture on us. As well as they also want to suppress Indians by ~~the~~ in National Movement.

Raja Ram Mohan Roy started called the father of Modern India. Along with him Dayanand Saraswati, Vivekanand, Arbind Ghosh some are who ~~give~~ <sup>made</sup> effort for to remove the evils of Religion and society.

SUNDAY 9

08

Sat



NOVEMBER

③ Major Library Work - India's Most of the literatures are based on Religion. We should know them and also research on them.

10  
Mon

Vedic literature - Four Vedas, Upanishad, Aornyak, Vedant, Mahakavya - Ramayan, Mahabharat etc.

Buddh literature - Tripitak - Vinay, Abhidhamm Pitak and sutta etc.

Jain literature - Dig Divyavadan, Aachrang etc.

Religion and Philosophy - Indian's religions and their philosophy is very strong and have depth.

11  
Tue

All the religious practices, preaching, and importantly its philosophy are some important topics for research.

Hence we can see that there are so many topics on this trend. There are more subtopics which can also be topics of research. This a vast topic and lot of work has been done but still there so many things like comparative study and philosophical approach



12

Wed

of any religion. are some  
 topics which ~~can~~ ~~be~~ ~~set~~ ~~up~~  
 can take. But importantly  
 we should not be biased with  
 your own religion. Historical  
 research should always be free from  
 prejudice.

